## **ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY**

(Accredited with A+ Grade by NAAC (CGPA: 3.64) in the Third Cycle, Graded as Category-I University and granted autonomy by MHRD-UGC)

# DIRECTORATE OF COLLABORATIVE PROGRAMMES



# MSW (Specialization in Medical and Psychiatric SocialWork)

Regulations and Syllabus

[For those who join the Course in July 2023 and after]

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

## **COURSE REGULATIONS**

Name of the Institution: MS Chellamuthu Institute of Mental Health and Rehabilitation Mission of the Institution:

Develop competent, confident and compassionate mental health professionals to lead the mental health care movement in India.

Name of the Subject Discipline: Masters in Social Work with specialization in Medical and Psychiatric Social Work and Human Resource Management

Programme of Level:

#### 1. Choice-Based Credit System

A Choice-Based Credit System is a flexible system of learning. This system allows students to gain knowledge at their tempo. Students shall decide on electives from a wide range of elective courses offered by the Departments/institutions in consultation with the committee. Students undergo additional courses and acquire more than the required number of credits. They can also adopt an inter-disciplinary and intra-disciplinary approach to learning, and make the best use of the expertise of available faculty.

## 2. Programme:

"Programme" means a course of study leading to the award of a degree in a discipline. MSW is a postgraduate programme and the duration is two years spread over four semesters.

#### 3. Courses:

'Course' is a component (a paper) of a programme. Each course offered by the Department is identified by a unique course code. A course contains lectures/ tutorials/laboratory work/seminars/project work / practical training/report writing /Viva- voce, etc, or a combination of these, to meet effective teaching and learning needs.

#### 4. Credits

The term "Credit" refers to the weightage given to a course, usually about the instructional hours assigned to it. Normally in each of the course's credits will be assigned based on the number of lectures/tutorials/laboratory and other forms of learning required to complete the course contents in a 15-week schedule. One credit is equal to one hour of lecture per week. For laboratory/field work one credit is equal to two hours.

#### 5. Semesters

An academic year is divided into two Semesters. In each semester, courses are offered in a minimum of 15 teaching weeks and the remaining 3-5 weeks are to be utilized for conduct of examination and evaluation purposes. Each week has 30 working hours spread over 5 days a week.

#### 6. Departmental/institutional committee

The Departmental/Institutional Committee consists of the faculty of the Department/institution. The committee shall be responsible for admission to all the programmes offered by the Department including the conduct of entrance tests, verification of records, admission, and evaluation. The committee determines the deliberation of courses and specifies the allocation of credits semester-wise and course- wise. For each course, it will also identify the number of credits for lectures, tutorials, practicals, seminars, etc. The courses (Core/Discipline Specific Elective/Non-Major Elective) are designed by teachers and approved by the Committees. Courses approved by the committees shall be approved by the Board of Studies.

A teacher offering a course will also be responsible for maintaining attendance and performance sheets (CIA -I, CIA-II, assignments, and seminar) of all the students registered for the course.

The department coordinators for Non-major elective (NME) and MOOCs (SLC) courses are responsible to submit the performance sheet to the Head of the department. The Head of the Department consolidates all such performance sheets of courses offered by the department and forward the same to be Controller of Examinations.

#### 7. Programme Education Objectives- (PEO)

PGO - 1	Understand the scope and importance of social work.	
PGO - 2	Understand the methods and different models in social work.	
PGO - 3	PGO - 3 Develop the required competence to practice social work in different settings.	
PGO - 4	PGO - 4 Explore opportunities to practice social work in different settings.	
PGO - 5	Become an agent of change by developing solution and resource-focused perspectives.	

#### 8. Programme Specific Objectives-(PSO)

PSO - 1	Understand social work as a profession that empowers people.	
PSO - 2	PSO - 2 Practice social work by developing the necessary competence.	
PSO - 3	Imbibe and practice the value of compassion and the importance of connectedness.	
PSO - 4	Embrace change and diversity and work towards transformation.	
PSO - 5	Be fair and ethical in words and actions.	

## 9. Programme Outcome-(PO)

#### By completing the program, students will have:

PO - 1	Understood and acquired the fundamental knowledge of social work.	
PO - 2	Analyzed the field scenario and understood the scope of the practice of social work	
PO - 3	Understood the complexities in social life and developed solution-focused thinking.	
PO - 4	Developed the skills relating to the methods of social work and use these skills to investigate and develop a holistic understanding of problems	
PO - 5	Strengthened their psychosocial competence and use this competence to bring change.	
PO - 6	Become senstive to the cultural diversity that exists in the society and leverage the diversity to transform society.	
PO - 7	Imbibed the value of compassion towards people and the environment.	
PO - 8	Understood the value of ethical practices in establishing professional credibility.	
PO - 9	Become creative in designing protocols to use the collective intelligence of the team/community.	
PO - 10	Developed competence in communication and use this competence to influence people in administration and the community	

#### 10. Programme Specific Outcome-(PSO)

#### By completing the program, students will be able to:

PO - 1	Appreciate Social Work as a tool to empower people and communities.	
PO - 2	2 Explore and find the scope to practice social work in different settings.	
PO - 3	Apply the social work competence and demonstrate changes.	
PO - 4	PO - 4 Be sensitive to cultural diversity and embrace the same.	
PO - 5	Uphold the highest ethical standards in social work practice.	

#### 11. Eligibility for admission

A Pass in any bachelor degree from any recognized University / Institute, Or accepted as equivalent there to by the Syndicate Candidate for admission to Master of Human Resource Management shall be required to have passed qualifying examination

## 12. Minimum Duration of Programme

The programme is for two years. Each year shall consist of two semesters viz. Odd and Even semesters. Odd semesters shall be from June / July to October / November and even semesters shall be from November / December to April / May. In each semester, there shall be 90 working days consisting of 6 teaching hours per working day (5 days/week).

#### 13. Medium of instruction

The medium of instruction is English.

#### 14. Teaching Methods

The classroom teaching would be through conventional lectures, the use of OHP, PowerPoint presentation, and novel innovative teaching ideas like television, smart board, and computer- aided instructions. Periodic field visit enables the student for gathering practical experience and up-to-date industrial scenario. Student seminars would be arranged to improve their communicative skills.

The periodic test will be conducted for students to assess their knowledge. Slow learners would be identified and will be given special attention by remedial coaching. Major and electives would be held in the Department and for Non-major electives students have to undertake other subjects offered by other departments.

## 15. Components

A PG programme consists of several courses. The term "course" is applied to indicate a logical part of the subject matter of the programme and is invariably equivalent to the subject matter of a "paper" in the conventional sense. The following are the various categories of the courses suggested for the PG programmes:

**Core courses (CC)** - "Core Papers" means "the core courses" related to the programme concerned including practicals and project work offered under the programme and shall cover core competency, critical thinking, analytical reasoning, and research skill.

Generic Elective (Allied) - Within the faculty, the students shall undergo two discipline-specific allied courses (one in the first year and another in the second year of his/her study except for computer application).

**Discipline-Specific Electives (DSE)** - means the courses offered under the programme related to the major but are to be selected by the students, shall cover additional academic knowledge, critical thinking, and analytical reasoning.

Non-Major Electives (NME) - Exposure beyond the discipline.

## **Self-Learning Courses from MOOCs platforms.**

- MOOCs shall be voluntary for the students.
- Students have to undergo a total of 2 Self Learning Courses (MOOCs) one in II semester and another in III semester.
- The actual credits earned through MOOCs shall be transferred to the credit plan of programmes as extra credits. Otherwise, 2 credits/course be given if the Self Learning Course (MOOC) is without credit.
- While selecting the MOOCs, preference shall be given to the course related to employability skills.

## **Dissertation (Maximum Marks: 200)**

The candidate shall undergo Dissertation Work during the fourth semester. The candidate should prepare a scheme of work for the dissertation and should get approval from the guide. The candidate, after completing the dissertation, shall be allowed to submit it to the departments at the end of the final semester.

## The format to be followed for the dissertation by the student is given below

- Title page
- Certificate
- Acknowledgment

## Content as follows:

Chapter No.	Title	Page No.
1	Introduction	
2	Aim and objectives	
3	Review of Literature	
4	Materials and Methods	
5	Results	
6	Discussion	
7	Summary and Conclusion	
8	References	

## Format of the title page

## **Title of Dissertation**

Dissertation submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of of in to the
By (Student Name)
(Register Number)
Logo
Department of
Name and Address of the institute
(Year)

## **Format of certificates**

## Certificate (Guide)

This is to certify that the Dissertation entitled "	" submitted to
in partial fulfilment for the degree ofin	by Mr/Miss
(Reg No) under my supervision. This is	
carried out by him/her in the Department of,	This dissertation or any
part of this work has not been submitted elsewhere for any other degr	ee, diploma, fellowship, or any
other similar titles or record of any University or Institution.	
	Research Supervisor
	Research Supervisor
Place:	
Data	
Date:	
Certificate (HOD)	
This is to certify that the thesis entitled "	"submitted by Mr/Miss
, in partial fulfilm	
of ofinis a bonafide record of research world	_
Dr, Assistant Professor, Department of	, This
is to further certify that the thesis or any part thereof has not formed	d the basis of the award to the
student of any degree, diploma, fellowship, or any other similar title of a	ny University or Institution.
	Head of the Department
	ricad of the Department
Place:	
Data	
Date:	
Declaration (student)	
I hereby declare that the dissertation entitled "	
for the award of the degree of in	
under the guidance of Dr, Assistant Professor, Departme	-
, This is my original and independent work and has no	
the award of any degree, diploma, associateship, fellowship, or	•
University or Institution.	•
	()
Place:	
Date:	

#### F. Internship

The students shall undergo Internship /industrial training in reputed organizations minimum of two weeks to acquire industrial knowledge during the summer vacation of the second semester. The student has to find an industry related to their discipline (Public Limited/Private Limited/owner/NGOs etc.,) in consultation with the faculty in charge/Mentor and get approval from the Head of the Department and Departmental Committee before going for an internship / industrial training.

Format to be followed for Internship report The format /certificate for the internship report to be followed by the student is given below Title page Title of internship report rtial fulfilment of the requirement for the ----- of degree By (Student Name) (Register Number) University Logo Department of -----Institute name & address (Year) Format of certificate (Faculty in charge) This is to certify that the report entitled "-----" submitted to ----- in partial fulfilment for the ----- of ----- by Mr/Miss-----(Reg No:----) under my supervision. This is based on the work carried out by him/her in the submitted elsewhere for any other degree, diploma, fellowship, or any other similar record of any University or Institution. Research Supervisor Place: Date: .

## (HOD)

This is to certify that the Internship report entitled " "submitted by Mr/Miss(Reg No:) to the, in partial fulfilment for the award of the of Science in is a bonafide record of the Internship report done under the supervision of, Assistant Professor, Department of and the work carried out by him/her in the organization M/S This is to further certify that the thesis or any part thereof has not formed the basis of the award to the student of any degree, diploma, fellowship, or any other similar title of any University or Institution.
Head of the Department
Place:
Date:
(Student Declaration)
I hereby declare that the Internship Report entitled "
()
Place:
Date:
Aslessed slesses Contact of fillians

## **Acknowledgment, Content as follows:**

Chapter No.	Title	Page No.
1	Introduction	
2	Aim and objectives	
3	Organization profile/details	
4	Methods / Work	
5	Observation and knowledge gained	
6	Summary and outcome of the Internship study	
7	References	

#### No. of copies of the dissertation/internship report

The candidate should prepare three copies of the dissertation/report and submit the same for the evaluation of examiners. After evaluation, one copy will be retained in the department library, one copy will be retained by the guide and the student shall hold one copy.

#### Attendance

Students must have earned 75% of attendance in each course for appearing on the examination. Students who have earned 74% to 70% of attendance need to apply for condonation in the prescribed form with the prescribed fee. Students who have earned 69% to 60% of attendance need to apply for condonation in the prescribed form with the prescribed fee along with the Medical Certificate. Students who have below 60% of attendance are not eligible to appear for the End Semester Examination (ESE). They shall re-do the semester(s) after completion of the programme.

#### **Examination**

The examinations shall be conducted separately for theory and practicals to assess (remembering, understanding, applying, analyzing, evaluating, and creating) the knowledge required during the study. There shall be two systems of examinations viz., internal and external examinations. The internal examinations shall be conducted as Continuous Internal Assessment tests I and II (CIA Test I & II).

#### A. Internal Assessment

The internal assessment shall comprise a maximum of 25 marks for each course. The following procedure shall be followed for awarding internal marks.

Theory - 25 marks

Sr. No.	Content	Marks
1	Average marks of two CIA test	15
2	Seminar/ Group Discussion/ Quiz, etc.,	5
3	Assignment/ Field trip report/ case study reports	5
	Total	25

Practical - 25 marks

Sr. No.	Content	Marks
1	Average marks of two CIA tests (Practical) Experiments -Major, Minor, and Spotter	15
2	Observation notebook	10
	Total	25

Internship - 25 marks (assess by Guide/In charge/HOD/supervisor)

Sr. No.	Content	Marks
1	Presentation	15
2	Progress report	10
	Total	25

## Dissertation - 25 marks (Guide/HOD)

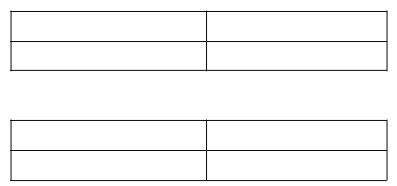
Sr. No.	Content	Marks
1	Two Presentations (mid - term)	15
2	Progress report	20
	Total	25

#### B. External Examination

- There shall be examinations at the end of each semester, for odd semesters in October / November; for even semesters in April / May.
- A candidate who does not pass the examination in any course(s) may be permitted to appear
  in such failed course(s) in the subsequent examinations to be held in October / November or
  April / May. However, candidates who have arrears in practical shall be permitted to take their
  arrear Practical examination only along with regular practical examination in the respective
  semester.
- A candidate should get registered for the first-semester examination. If registration is not
  possible owing to a shortage of attendance beyond the condonation limit / regulation
  prescribed OR belated joining OR on medical grounds, the candidates are permitted to move
  to the next semester. Such candidates shall re-do the missed semester after completion of the
  programme.
- For the Dissertation Work, the maximum marks will be 25 marks for thesis evaluation and the Viva-Voce 50 marks.
- For the internship, the maximum mark will be 25 marks for project report evaluation and for the Viva-Voce it is 50 marks.
- Viva-Voce: Each candidate shall be required to appear for the Viva-Voce Examination (in defense of the Dissertation Work/internship).

#### Passing minimum

- A candidate shall be declared to have passed each course if he/she secures not less than 40% marks in the End Semester Examinations and 40% marks in the Internal Assessment and not less than 40% for UG and PG 50% in the aggregate, taking Continuous assessment and End Semester Examinations marks together.
- The candidates not obtained 50% in the Internal Assessment are permitted to improve their Internal Assessment marks in the subsequent semesters (2 chances will be given) by writing the CIA tests and by submitting assignments.
- Candidates, who have secured the pass marks in the End-Semester Examination and the CIA but failed to secure the aggregate minimum pass mark (E.S.E + C I.A), are permitted to improve their Internal Assessment mark in the following semester and/or in University examinations.
- A candidate shall be declared to have passed the Project Work if he /she gets not less than 40% in each of the Project Report and Viva-Voce and not less than 40 % UG and in PG 50% in the aggregate of both the marks for Project Report and Viva-Voce.



A candidate who gets less than 40% for UG and PG 50% in the Project Report must resubmit the Project Report. Such candidates need to take again the Viva-Voce on the resubmitted Project.

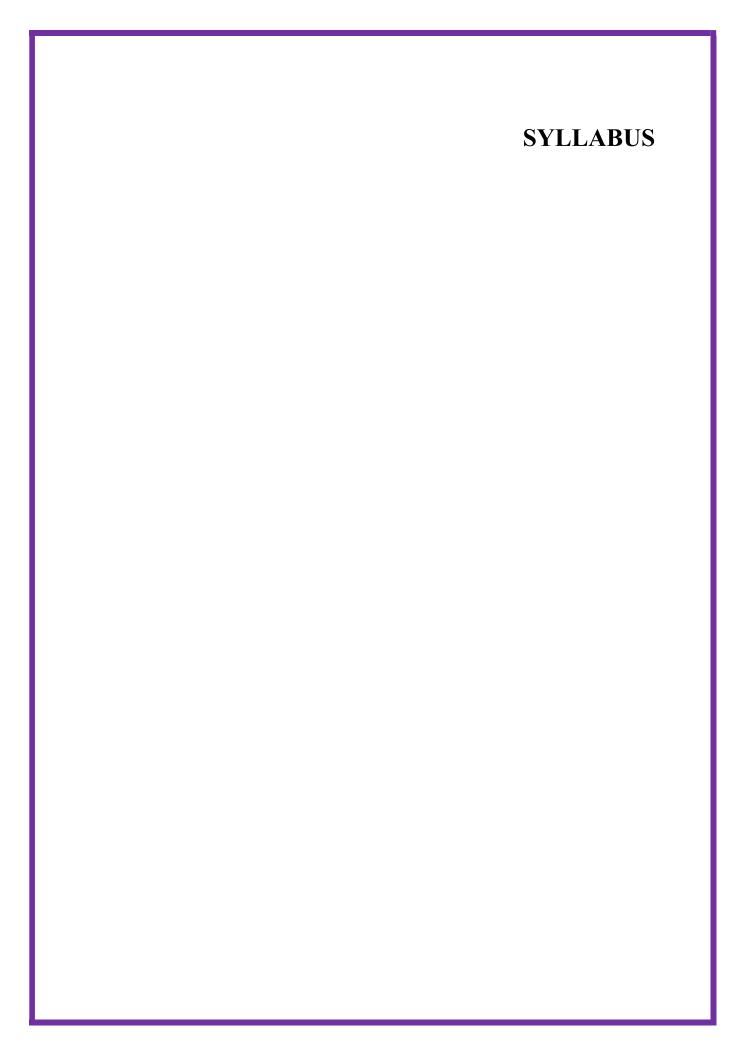
Each student should have taken 83 credits as a core course, Internship course (core), credits as a major elective; 4 credits as a non-major elective, 7 credits as dissertation work, in addition, MOOCs courses as extra credits, thus totalling least 90 + extra credits required to complete degree course.

## COURSE STRUCTURE

Sr. No	Course Code		Title of the Paper	T/P	Credits	Hours/ Week		Marks		
			I Semester					Е	Total	
1	70411	Core 1	Introduction to Professional Social Work	Т	4	4	25	75	100	
2	70412	Core 2 Sociology for Social Work practice		Т	4	4	25	75	100	
3	70413	Core 3	Psychology for Social Work practice	Т	4	4	25	75	100	
4	70414	Core 4	Social Work practice with Individuals	Т	4	4	25	75	100	
5	70415	Core 5	Social Work practice with Groups	Т	4	4	25	75	100	
6	70416	Core 6 Field Observation Visits		I	3	6	25	75	100	
7	70417	SEC -1 Life Skills Education		Т	2	2	25	75	100	
		Library				2				
					25	30	175	525	700	
			II Semes	ter						
8	70421	Core 7	Community Organization and Social action	Т	4	4	25	75	100	
9	70422	Core 8	Social Work Administration	Т	4	4	25	75	100	
10	70423	Core 9	Environmental Social Work	Т	4	4	25	75	100	
11	70424	Core 10	Internship	I	3	6	25	75	100	
12	70425	DSE - 1*	Introduction to Medical Social Work	Т	4	4	25	75	100	
13	70426	DSE - 2*	Introduction to Psychopathology	Т	4	4	25	75	100	
14	70427	SEC - 2	Workplace Wellness	Т	2	2	25	75	100	
15	70428	NME Social Marketing		Т	2	2	25	75	100	
Self-learning course(SLC) - MOOCs**					Extra Cree	dit	ı	•	- 1	
					27	30	200	600	800	

	III Semester										
16	70431	Core 11	Social Work Research and Statistics	Т	4	4	25	75	100		
17	70432	Core 12	Disaster Management	Т	4	4	25	75	100		
18	70433	Core 13	Social Legislation	Т	4	4	25	75	100		
19	70434	Core 14	Internship	Ι	3	6	25	75	100		
20	70435	DSE - 3*	Introduction to Psychiatric Social Work	Т	4	4	25	75	100		
21	70436	DSE - 4*	- 4* Fundamentals of Counselling		4	4	25	75	100		
22	70437	SEC - 3	Trauma Management		2	2	25	75	100		
23	70438	NME	Community Mental Health	Т	2	2	25	75	100		
		Self-learni	ng course(SLC) - MOOCs**		Extra Cred						
		•			27	30	200	600	800		
			IV Semester								
24	70441	Core 15	Internship	I	8	16	25	75	100		
25	70442	Core 16	Core 16 Dissertation		7	14	25	75	100		
	Total					30	50	150	200		
					94+EC	120	625	1875	2500		

Approved by the BOS conducted on 12.08.2023.



	I - SEMESTER									
Course Code	70411	Hours/ Week: 4								
Objectives	2. To 3. To 4. To	understand the basic concepts of social work. gain an understanding of the competencies recanalyze the various models in the field of soci develop an understanding of the application of understand the impact of social reformers and	al work social v	vork in different se	ettings.					
Unit - I	- History of Social Wo Security, S	ork: Definition, Objectives, characteristics, and of Social Work in India, Evolution of social work. Concepts related to Social Work: Social Ser Social Defense, Social Transformation, Social Jts, Social Action, Social Development, and Social Social Social Action, Social Development, and Social	rk in the vice, So fustice, S	e West. Concept of cial Welfare, Soci Social Reforms, So	f International al Policy, Social					
Unit - II	Social Wo Work Met	ork as a Profession: Nature, Philosophy, Value orkers towards clients, colleagues, agency, and a hods. Competencies of Professional Social Wo ons of Social Work - Problems of professionaliz	as profe rkers-In	ssionals - Introduc ternational & Nati	ction to Social					
Unit - III	approache Systems T theory, and	and Models of Social Work: Meaning and def s. Need and importance of theories in Social W theory, Psychodynamic Theory, Social Learning d rational choice theory. Models of Social Work Model, Crisis Intervention Model, Remedial, pr	ork, Mag Theor k - Prob	njor Theories in So y, and Conflict Th lem-Solving Mod	ocial Work: neory. Humanistic el, Cognitive					
Unit - IV	Fields of Social Work: Social Work with Community (Rural, Urban, and Tribal), Medical and Psychiatric Social Work, Industrial Social Work, Social Work with Family and Children, School Social Work, Correctional Social Work, Social Work with Youth, Working with Marginalized Groups, Geriatric Social Work.									
Unit - V	Sarojini N Phule. Me	formers, Social Movements and Welfare Pro aidu, EVR Periyar, Gandhiji, Vinoba Bhave, N hta Padkar- Contemporary Social Reforms in In ent of India.	arayana	Guru, and Jyotira	io Govindrao					

- Bhattacharya, Sanjay. 2008. Social Work Psycho- Social and Health Aspects. Deep and Deep publications. New Delhi.
- Chowdhry, Paul. 1992. Introduction to Social Work. Atma Ram and Sons. New Delhi.
- Dean.H. Hepworth, Ronald, H. Rooney, Glenda Dewberry Ronney, Kimberly StromGottfried, Jo Ann Larsen, 2010, Theory and Skills in Social Work, Cengage Learning India Pvt Ltd, New Delhi
- Elizabeth A. Seyal, 2010 Professional Social Work, Cengage Learning India Pvt Ltd, Delhi
- Ghanshyam Shah (2004), Social Movements in India a Review of Literature, Sage Publications, New DelhiState Integrated Board of Studies - Social Work PG8
- Godwin Prem Singh J, 2009, Millennium Development Goals, Allied Publishers Pvt. Ltd, Mumbai

#### Web Resources:

Important Social Work Theories & Practice Models | SocialWorkGuide.org
Global Definition of Social Work - International Federation of Social Workers (ifsw.org)
Social Reformers of India and their contributions (indiacelebrating.com)

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the concept and evolution of social work and related components.	K2
CO2	Understood social work methods and competencies of professional social workers.	K2
СОЗ	Understood and analyzed the various models of social work	K2, K4
CO4	Application of social work method in different fields	K3
CO5	Understood and analyzed the contribution of social reforms	K2, K4

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	L(1)	L (1)	M (2)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)	L(1)
CO2	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	L(1)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)	L(1)
CO3	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)
CO4	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S (3)	S (3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S (3)
CO5	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)
W.Av	2.6	2.6	2.6	9	1.8	1.4	1.8	2.2	1.8	1.8

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S (3)	L (1)	L (1)	L (1)	L (1)
CO2	S (3)	S (3)	L (1)	L (1)	S (3)
CO3	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)
CO4	L (1)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)
CO5	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)
W.Av	2.6	2.2	1.8	1.6	2

	I – SEMESTER									
Course Code	70412	Core 2: Sociology for Social Work Practice								
Objectives	2. To d 3. To d cha 4. To d	<ol> <li>To understand the fundamentals of sociology and social work and relate them to social work.</li> <li>To outline the socialization process and the agents of social control.</li> <li>To describe the theories of social change and the factors that causes resistance to social change.</li> <li>To define social movements and outline the major social movements in India.</li> <li>To define social problems and illustrate the general social problems.</li> </ol>								
Unit - I	Social Asso	Definition, Nature and Importance, Characteristiciation and Social Institution, Social organization of Social Institutions - marriage, family, kinship, ciology & Social Work.	on, Soc	ial Structure, Soci	al System and					
Unit - II		on: Process and agents. Social control: Concept rol: Kinship, Religion, Law, Education, Tradition			ajor Agents of					
Unit - III	Industrializ	nge: Meaning, Theories, Factors, Process of So ation, Westernization, Sanskritisation, Secularization, Industrial lag and Ethnocentrism. Social change in In	zation. I	-						
Unit - IV	social move Dalits, Back	<b>Social Movements in India:</b> Social Movements: Meaning, Cause, Types, Characteristics, Process of social movements, Major Social movements in India- Narmadha Bacho Andolan, Peasant, Tribal, Dalits, Backward Class, Women, Minority groups, Terrorism, Religious movements, Working Class and Student.								
Unit - V	environmen women, chi	<b>plems:</b> meaning, causes and consequences. General degradation, population, unemployment, poldren, weaker sections, marginalized and elderly alization, globalization and privatization. Legisly	verty, il y. Deve	literacy. Problems lopmental issues -	s faced by -issues arising					

- Anthony Giddens, 1998, Sociology(Third), Polity Press, London
- Jainendra Kumar Jha, 2002, Basic Principles Of Developmental Sociology, Anmol Publications, New Delhi.
- Richard T.Schaefer & Robert. P.Lamm., (1995), Sociology, Mc.Graw Hill Inc. New York
- Sahu D.R., 2012, Sociology Of Social Movement, Sage Publications, New Delhi
- Shanger Rao C. N, 2012, Sociology Principles Of Sociology With An Introduction To Social Thought, S Chand And Company, New Delhi
- Thara Bhai L., 2012, Indian Sociology Issues and Challenges, Sage Publications, New Delhi

#### Web Resources:

1.1 What Is Sociology? - Introduction to Siology 3e | OpenStax Chapter 5. Socialization - Introduction to Sociology - 1st Canadian Edition (opentextbc.ca) Social change | Definition, Types, Theories, Causes, & Examples | Britannica

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the linkages between sociology and social work.	K2
CO2	Understood socialization and analyze the methods of social control.	K2
CO3	Understood the process of social change and analyze the factors that resist change.	K2,K3
CO4	Understood the concept of social movements and critically examine the various social movements.	K2,K3
CO5	Examine the causes and consequences of social problems.	K3,K4

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	L(1)	L (1)	M (2)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)	L(1)
CO2	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	L(1)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)	L(1)
CO3	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)
CO4	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S (3)	S (3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S (3)
CO5	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)
W.Av	2.6	2.6	2.6	1.8	1	1.4	1.8	2.2	1.8	1.8

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S (3)	L (1)	L (1)	L (1)	L (1)
CO2	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)
CO3	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)
CO4	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)
CO5	L(1)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)
W.Av	2.6	2	2	2	1.8

	I – SEMESTER									
Course Code	70413	Core 3: Psychology for Social Work practice	T Credits: 4 Hours/ Week							
Objectives	2. To d 3. To d 4. To u	nderstand the fundamental concepts of psychole efine human behaviour and analyze the factors istinguish the different stages of development. nderstand the basics of abnormal behaviour. escribe the concepts and theories of learning, ming.	that inf	luence behaviour	S.					
Unit - I	of psycholo Psychology	Definition, goals, and its importance and role gy. A brief introduction on Schools of thought: Behaviorism, Psychoanalysis, Humanistic Psyclopment - Social, emotional, cognitive and physical	: Structu ycholog	ralism and Funct y, Cognitive Psyc	ionalism, Gestalt hology. Areas of					
Unit - II	Psychologic	f Human Behaviour-Definition, types of Iteal Processes in Behaviour: Needs and mot learning and motivation. Factors Influence.	tives, C	ognition, Memor	ry, Intelligence,					
Unit - III	-Developme middle age	ent: concept and principles, Development ental periods - infancy, babyhood, childhood, p and old age, Areas of Human Development - Pia rowth. Theories - Cognitive Development - Pia	puberty Physica	and adolescence, l, Social, Emotion	early adulthood, nal, Moral and					
Unit - IV	<b>Abnormal Psychology</b> : Concepts of normality and abnormality. International Classification of Diseases (ICD): Neurosis & Psychosis. An introduction to various disorders - mood, personality, anxiety disorders.									
Unit - V	characterist factors infl Psychologic	Concept, theories and assessment. Motiva ics of motives, Theories of motivation. Personality and structure, Theories cal Counseling and Psychological Testing: IQ pt of Psychometrics and Testing.	onality:	Meaning, Definit sonality. Interver	tion, types and ntion methods:					

- Abril Lal Mukherjee, 2015, A Textbook Of Cognitive Psychology, Rajat Publications, New Delhi
- Anuratha Ngangom, 2012, Research Methodalogy In Psycology, Maxford Books, New Delhi
- Daine E Papalia And Sally Wendkos Olds And Ruth Duskin Feldman, 2004, Human Development (Ninth),
   Tata Mcgraw-Hill, New Delhi
- Dennis Coon (1977), Introduction to Psychology, Exploration and Application, Watts & Company.
- Elizabeth B Hurlock, 2009, Development Psychology (Fifth), Tata Mcgraw-Hill, New Delhi
- Morgan and King (1979), Introduction to Psychology, 6th edition, 1979, McGraw Hill.

#### Web Resources:

Schools of Psychology: The 7 Main Schools of Thought (verywellmind.com)

Human behavior | Definition, Theories, Characteristics, Examples, Types, & Facts | Britannica

Developmental Psychology: Definition, Stages, and Issues (verywellmind.com)

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the fundamental concepts in psychology.	K1, K2
CO2	Understood the basics of human behaviour.	K1, K2
CO3	Acquired knowledge about the psychosocial development of humans.	K1, K2
CO4	Acquire knowledge about the basics of abnormal psychology.	K1, K2
CO5	To understand concepts related to learning, personality and motivation and to develop the skills to use psychological assessments.	K1, K2, K3

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO3	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO4	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO5	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)
W.Av	3	3	3	1.4	1.2	2	1.8	1	1	1.2

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)
CO3	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)
CO4	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO5	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)
W.Av	3	1.2	1.4	1.8	1

		I – SEMESTER						
Course Code	70414 Core 4: Social Work Practice with T Credits: 4		Credits: 4	Hours: 4				
Objectives	2. To 3. To 4. To	understand the fundamentals of social case word develop the skills and knowledge related to cast describe the skills required to build a client related understand the various models used in casework practice the techniques required in casework.	sework. ationshi	p.				
Unit - I	Casework. practice: In Acceptanc Casework	<b>Sework:</b> Concept & Definition, Nature and Scop Objectives of working with individuals. Values adividualization, Purposeful expression of feeling, Non-judgmental attitude, Client self-determing (Perlman's model)-Person, Problem, Place and Work practice in India; relationship with other many contents.	s and Pr ngs, con nation an Process	inciples of social etrolled emotional nd Confidentiality, socio-cultural fa	casework involvement, . Components of			
Unit - II	of interview	<b>Process:</b> Intake: Study: Interviewing (types, powing), Home visits, Collateral contacts Assessmus. Treatment/ Intervention, Evaluation, Termin	nent/Soc					
Unit - III	relationshi	ker: Client Relationship: Meaning, purpose and p: empathy, non-possessive warmth, genuinene ationship: Transference, Counter transference at	ss and s	elf-disclosure; Ob				
Unit - IV	Problem Solution Working w	Casework Practice: Approaches and Models - Psycho Social approach, Person Centered Approach, Problem Solving Approach and Crisis Intervention Model. Relevance of an Eclectic approach. Working with Individuals in different settings: Educational, Family and Child Welfare, Medical and psychiatric, Correctional and Industrial setting.						
Unit - V	<b>Techniques in practice</b> : Ventilation, emotional support, action oriented support, advocacy, environment modification, modeling, role-playing and confrontation. Tools - Observation, listenin communication, rapport building, questioning, giving feedback. Record keeping - Face sheet, Narrative, Process and Summary recording. Use of Genogram and eco map- Case presentation as a professional development tool. Casework in various setting.							

- Anthony Giddens, 1998, Sociology(Third), Polity Press, London
- Jainendra Kumar Jha, 2002, Basic Principles Of Developmental Sociology, Anmol Publications, New Delhi
- Richard T.Schaefer & Robert. P.Lamm., (1995), Sociology, Mc.Graw Hill Inc. New York
- Sahu D.R., 2012, Sociology Of Social Movement, Sage Publications, New Delhi
- Shanger Rao C. N, 2012, Sociology Principles Of Sociology With An Introduction To Social Thought, S Chand And Company, New Delhi
- Thara Bhai L., 2012, Indian Sociology Issues and Challenges, Sage Publications, New Delhi

#### Web Resources:

Social case work: Meaning, concept and definition (socialworkin.com) https://www.socialworkin.com/2021/12/5-phases-of-social-case-work-process.html 5 approaches of social case work (socialworkin.com)

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the fundamentals of social casework.	K1, K2
CO2	Understood the process and methods involved in casework	K1, K2, K3
CO3	Understood the various dynamics involved in the relationship between the caseworker and the client	K1,K2
CO4	Understood the various models used in casework practice and the application of casework in different settings	K1,K2
CO5	Learnt the various skills used by caseworkers in practice	K1,K2, K3

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
CO3	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
CO4	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)
CO5	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)
W.Av	3	3	3	1.8	1.2	2	1.8	1.4	1	1.4

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	S(3)
CO2	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)
CO3	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)
CO4	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)
CO5	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)
W.Av	3	1.6	1.4	2	2

		I – SEMESTER							
Course Code	70415	Core 5: Social Work Practice with Groups	Т	Hours/ Week: 4					
Objectives	2. To u 3. To g 4. To u	ain knowledge about the primary method of so nderstand the techniques and approaches of so ain Group work process knowledge and process nderstand various models and its core principle evelop the competence to practice Social Group	cial wor ss comp es.	k practice with gretence.	oups.				
Unit - I	importance Performing Assumption	Concepts of Social Group Work: Concept of group, types, characteristics of effective group and its mportance of groups in human life cycle; Group Formation Phases: Forming- Storming, Norming, Performing, Adjourning, Group as an Instrument of Change; Social Group Work: Definition, Assumptions, Principles, values and Characteristics of social group work; History and development of social group work. Group work as a method of Social work. Theoretical basis of group work.							
Unit - II	Process: bogroup. Lead	Group Dynamics - definition, functions and basic assumptions of group dynamics. Group Process: bond, acceptance, isolation, rejection, sub-group formation, clique, and newcomers in the group. Leadership in group: definition, functions, qualities of leader, types and theories of leadership. Communication within groups. Sociometry and Sociogram.							
Unit - III	members, p Meetings-in Assessment members, P evaluation a	rk Process: i. Planning Phase: Selection of more paring the environment, ii. Beginning Platerviewing, Ground rules for group work meets of communication and interaction iii. Middle I roblem solving, Dealing with difficult member and criteria for good group work, Termination, Principles of recording, Types of recording.	nase- pr ings, goa Phase: Ir rs, Endir	reparing for ground all setting, motivation atervening with ground and Phase: Evaluation	p work, First ion, oup ion- group work				
Unit - IV	Growth, Th	Models: Social goal, remedial and reciprocal models. Treatment groups: Support, Educational, Growth, Therapy and Socialization groups. Task Groups: Teams, Committees, Social Action and Coalition groups. Group work recording: purpose, types and principles of group work recording							
Unit - V	work practic Group work psychiatric	<b>'programme</b> , Principles of programme plann ce, Programme planning and implementation to k - Social group work practice in different set settings: hospitals, de-addiction, physical and va- te settings and the aged homes, schools, correct	for groutings: co	p development- Sommunity settings d mentally challen	kills for Social s, medical and aged, family and				

- Charles Zastrow H, Msw , Ph.D, 2009, Social Work With Groups, Cengage Learning Publication, Australia
- Douglas Tom (1972) Group Process in Social Work, Chicester, Willey.
- Gerald Corey (2000) Theory and practice of group counseling, Wordsworth, London
- Gisela Konopka (1972) Social group work-A helping process, Prentice Hall, Engle Wood Cliffs
- Garvin, Charles, D. (1989) Contemporary Group Work, Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- Harlkich Trecker B, 1955, Social Group Work Methods And Principles

#### Web Resources:

Social Group Work-Concept, definition and meaning (socialworkin.com)

https://www.socialworkin.com/2019/11/group-process-in-social-group-work.html

Group Dynamics: Definitions, Concept, Principles and Stages (economics discussion.net)

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the concepts of social group work along with related characteristics and theoretical basis	K1, K2
CO2	Understood the group process, dynamics and importance of communication in group	K1, K2
CO3	Analysis of phases involved in group work process and understood the importance of recording	K1, K4
CO4	Examined various model and recordings	K1,K5
CO5	Application of programme in various group setting by social work group	K3, K5

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M (2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M (2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)
CO3	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)
CO4	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)
W.Av	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	2	2	2	1.6	1.6	1.6

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO3	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
CO4	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)
W.Av	2.4	1.8	2	1.4	1.4

	I – SEMESTER										
Course Code	70416	Core 6 : Field Observation Visits  I Credits: 3 Hours/ Week: 6									
Objectives	2. To u 3. To e 4. To d	inderstand the field realities. Inderstand the scope of social work practice. Inderstand the problems and the social work practice. Independent and understand the problems and the social professional network. In the role played by different agencies.	olution re	esponses.							
Guidelines	_	ear students during the first semester will be the field realities and the role of agencies in bri	_	•	in the field to						

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	An understanding of the field realities	K2
CO2	Better insights into the scope for the practice of social work	K2, K3
СОЗ	Acquires knowledge about the field interventions.	K3, K4, K6
CO4	Developed the professional network	K3, K4
CO5	The imbibed the value of compassion in working with the people.	K3

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S (3)	S (3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)
CO2	S(3)	S (3)	S (3)	M(2)	M(2)	S (3)				
CO3	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)
CO4	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S (3)	S (3)	M(2)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	S (3)	S (3)	M(2)	S (3)	S(3)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)
W.Av	2	2	2.2	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.8	3	2.6

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	M (2)	L(1)	S(3)	M(2)
CO2	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)
CO3	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)
CO4	L(1)	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)
CO5	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)
W.Av	2.6	2.6	2	3	2.4

		I – SEMESTER								
Course Code	SEC - 1: Life Skills Education T Credits: 2 Hours Week:									
Objectives	<ul><li>2. To enhand</li><li>3. To develo</li><li>4. To develo</li><li>5. To increa</li></ul>	<ol> <li>To define life skills and understand its importance in life.</li> <li>To enhance one's ability to understand self and reflect ways to enhance it.</li> <li>To develop interpersonal skills to manage interpersonal problems.</li> <li>To develop the necessary social skills to enhance performance while working in teams.</li> <li>To increase one's knowledge and awareness of psychosocial competency and professional skills to perform efficiently at place of study/work.</li> </ol>								
Unit - I	in Higher Ed Understand Window, In Empathy -	tal of Life Skills and values: Life skills ducation -WHO guidelines. ding Self - Self Awareness - Self-esteem ferieirty complex and its impact. Concept and importance, Types of empatrathy as a skill.	and Self Ef	ficacy, Ideal vs R	eal Self, Johari					
Unit - II	and persona Communica	<b>p Skill:</b> Importance of relationship, relation l relationships, toxic vs caring relationship ation - Objectives and importance, Types hallenges in interpersonal communication,	o, nurturing to s of commun	he relationships. nication - passive,						
Unit - III	practices tha	<b>Skills</b> - Critical thinking - Concept and I at will improve critical thinking.  nking - Concept and Importance, practices		_						
Unit - IV	Coping Skills - Coping with emotions - Concept of emotions, types of emotions, functions of emotions, triggers of emotions, emotional regulation, emotional intelligence.  Coping with stress - Concept of stress, stress continuum, impact of stress, coping resources, coping strategies.									
Unit - V	permanent s	olving - Concept of problem, problem a olutions, problem solving tools. aking - rational and emotional decision, cl								

- Atkinson, Jacquelin. 1993. Better Time Management. New Delhi: Indus
- Bishop, Sue.1996. Develop your Assertiveness New Delhi: Kogan Page India Pvt. Ltd
- Clements. Phil, 1998. Be positive, New Delhi: Kogam Page India Pvt. Ltd
- Davar, S. Rustom. 1996. Creative Leadership, New Delgi: USB Publishers Ltd.
- Sudha, Datar. 2010. Skill Training for Social Workers. New Delhi: Sage Publications Ltd.

## Web Resources:

Life Skills: Definition, Examples, & Skills to Build - The Berkeley Well-Being Institute (berkeleywellbeing.com)
What are life skills and why teach them? | British Council Greece
What Are Interpersonal Skills? A Guide With Examples | Built In

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Developed the ability to appraise the concepts of life skills and understand its importance in life.	K1, K2
CO2	Identify the importance of self - awareness and learn techniques to apply it in their daily lives.	K1, K2, K3
CO3	Developed the competence in thinking and communication skills.	K1, K2, K3
CO4	Gained a practical understanding of social skills and be able to develop a life skills intervention module.	K1, K2, K3, K6
CO5	Gained professional skills to perform effectively in chosen field.	K1, K2, K3

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO3	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
CO4	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	S(3)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)
W.Av	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	1.6	2	1.8	1.4	1	1.6

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)
CO3	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)
CO4	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)
CO5	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)
W.Av	2.8	2.2	2	2.2	1

		II – SEMESTER						
Course Code	Core 7: Community Organisation and T Credits: 4 Hou Wee							
Objectives	2. To 3. To 4. To	gain knowledge about the fundamental concept understand the approaches of social work pract understand the various methods of community explain the various perspective of Social action develop the ability to apply the strategies and t	tice witl organiz n.	n communities.	ganization.			
Unit - I	History, O assessmen	ity: Concept, Characteristics and Classification objectives & Principles. Process of community of the discussion, organization, action, reflection, makes between community organization and community organization.	organiza odificat	ation - Study and sion, continuation.	survey, analysis,			
Unit - II	Approach organization liaisoning.	<b>f community organization:</b> locality Devel es-specific content, general content and pron: Communication, training, consultation, Community Organisation as a Para - Political and Organising, Roles and Strategies of Social n	rocess public 1 Process	content. Skills i relations, resourc s - Networking, C	n community e mobilization,			
Unit - III	networkin	of community organization: Awareness crear g, participation, leadership, Community action on of community organization in rural, urban and	, legisla	tive and non-legis				
Unit - IV	method of	Social Action in Community Organization: Concept, Purpose and Techniques, Social Action as a method of social work. Approaches to social action - Paulo Friere, Saul Alinsky, Martin Luther King, Ambedkar						
Unit - V	collaborat	s and Tactics in Social Action: individual ive pressure, advocacy, legal suasion, public ro, and violence. Contextual usage of strategic	elations	, political organiz	zation, conflict			

- Christopher, A.J., and Thomas William. 2006. Community Organization and Social Action. Himalaya Publications. New Delhi.
- Cox M. Fred et. al. 2005. Strategies of Community Organization. 4th Edition. Peacock Publishers. New Delhi.
- Jainendra Kumar Jha, 2002, Social Work And Community Development, Anmol Publications Pvt Ltd, New Delhi
- Johri Pradeep Kumar. 2005. Social Work and Community Development. Anmol Publications Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.socialworkin.com/2021/08/10-steps-of-community-organization.html

<u>Chapter 5. Choosing Strategies to Promote Community Health and Development | Section 4. Social Action | Main Section | Community Tool Box (ku.edu)</u>

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the concepts of community along with related aspects and process involved in community organisation	K1, K2
CO2	Examined various models of community organisation and developed skills involved in community organisation.	K1, K4
СОЗ	Analysis of methods of community organisation and application of the former in various settings	K1, K4
CO4	Understood the concepts and various approaches of social actions as a method of social work	K1, K2
CO5	Application of strategies and tactics in social action	K3, K4

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)						
CO2	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)
CO3	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)
CO4	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)						
CO5	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)						
W.Av	2	2	2	2.2	2.2	1.4	1.4	1.8	1.8	2.2

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO2	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)
CO3	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
CO4	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO5	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	M(2)
W.Av	2.4	2	1.8	1	1.2

	II - SEMESTER								
Course Code	70422	Core 8: Social Work Administration	ation T Credits:4						
Objectives	2. To il rela 3. To a 4. To d	<ol> <li>To gain knowledge about the concept and policies of state welfare.</li> <li>To illustrate the evolution of social work administration and the fundamental concepts related to it.</li> <li>To acquire the basic skills of administration.</li> <li>To develop the competence in finance management in social welfare organization.</li> <li>To gain knowledge about the procedures involved in registering an organization.</li> </ol>							
Unit - I	and Directiv	<b>ate:</b> Concept and relevance. Indian Constitution ve principles of State Policy- Social Policy and ector (2007).			· ·				
Unit - II	social welfa making and	<b>k Administration</b> - Concept, Scope, Functions re administration in India, Administrative setup self-governing organizations, Human Service and by Focus.	, Featur	es - Non-Governr	nent, Non-Profit				
Unit - III	Directing:	ninistration Processes: Planning, Organizing Supervision, motivation, leadership, commutive skills - Writing reports, letters and minutes	unicatio	n, monitoring an					
Unit - IV	financial de	<b>Finance Administration:</b> Budgeting, accounting and auditing. Maintenance of books and accounts, financial documents and records. Mobilization of financial resources - Grants in Aid. Foreign Contribution and Regulation Act - 1976. Exemption from Income tax.							
Unit - V	1860, Cha	g of an Organization: Procedures related to repritable Trust Act 1912 and Indian Companieum, Bye laws, Constitution, Deed, Functions and office bearers. Major programmes of Centard.	s Act 1	956. Administrat onsibilities of gov	tive Structure - verning board,				

- Batra, Nitin. 2004. Administration of social Welfare in India. Jaipur. Raj Publishing House.
- Battachary, Sanjay. 2009. Social Work Administration and Development. New Delhi. Rawat Publication.
- Chowdhry, D.Paul. 1992. Social Welfare Administration. Atmaram and Sons.
- Encyclopaedia of Social Work. Vol I & III Also for Units IV & V
- Goel, S.L. & Jain, R.K. (1988) Social Welfare Administration, Vol. I & II. New Delhi, Deep and Deep.
- Kohli, A.S & S.R. Sharma. 1998. Encyclopedia of Social Welfare and Administration. New Delhi. Anmol Publication.

#### Web Resources:

https://blog.ipleaders.in/directive-principles-state-policy/

https://www.socialworkin.com/2020/07/concept-of-social-work-and-social-work-administration.html https://wirc-icai.org/wirc-reference-manual/part6/foreign-contribution-regulation-act-2010-fcra.html

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the concepts of welfare state and related policies	K1, K2
CO2	Understood the concepts and evolution of social work administration	K1, K2
CO3	Analysis of basic administration process, elements of directing and developed administrative skills	K1, K2, K4
CO4	Developed the skills of finance administration and mobilisation of financial resources	K1, K2, K3
CO5	Understood the procedures involved in registering of an organisation and analysis of administrative structure	K2, K4, K5

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)
CO3	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)
CO4	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)
CO5	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)
W.Av	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.2	2	1.6	1.8	1.8	2.2

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO3	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)
CO4	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)
CO5	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)
W.Av	2.4	2.4	1.8	1.6	1.6

	II - SEMESTER									
Course Code	70423	Core 9: Environmental Social Work	T	Credits:4	Hours/ Week: 4					
Objectives	2. To 1 3. To 6 soc 4. To 1	<ol> <li>To increase the knowledge on various environmental issues.</li> <li>To learn about the various initiatives to protect the environment.</li> <li>To describe the environmental actions and management stratergies used at various levels of society.</li> <li>To become aware of the various environment protection laws.</li> <li>To understand and appreciate the legal provisions in protecting the environment.</li> </ol>								
Unit - I	Resources-	Environmental Issues and Consciousness: Environment degradation and pollution of Natural Resources- Air, Soil, Water, Population, Sanitation, Housing, Encroachments over Common Property Resources, Energy crisis and Rural Poverty.								
Unit - II	People's in	Environment Consciousness- NGOs, Social Workers and Ecological Movements: Global level, People's initiatives to save their environment- Chipko Movement - Save forests movement - Mitti Bachao Andolan - Movements against big dams-Narmada and Tehri - Eco farming- Natural farming efforts.								
Unit - III	its implicat Conservati	Environment Action and Management: State and the Environment preservation - Rio Summit and its implications - Government Policies and programmes - Grassroots Organization - Women and Conservation of Environment -Panchyats and Environment. Environment Management: Role of Traditional - State controlled - people controlled and jointly managed systems - Waste Management.								
Unit - IV	- Air Pollu Pollution	Environment Protection Laws and Role of Social Worker: The Environment Protection Act 1986 - Air Pollution Act 1987 - Water Pollution Act 1974. Power and functions of Central and State Pollution Control Boards: Type of offences by companies, procedures, and penalties. (Latest amendments may be considered while teaching these laws).								
Unit - V	Unplanned	ed to environmental protection: Forest construction urbanization - Environmental movements in sovernment agencies in environmental protect	India - R	tole of NGOs in I	Environmental					

- Abbasi. S.A. 1998. Renewable energy sources and their Environmental Impact. Prentice Hall London.
- Agarwal S.K. 1993. Environmental protection. Himalaya Publishers, New Delhi.
- Andromeda. 1995. New Science encyclopedia: Ecology and environment. Oxford Publishers. London
- Benny Joseph. 2005. Environmental studies. Tata McGraw Hill Publishers. New Delhi:
- Cutter Susan L. 1998. Environmental Risks and Hazards. Prentice Hall London.
- Dash Sharma P. 1998. Environment Health and development. Anmol Publishers. New Delhi.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.nature.com/articles/nindia.2021.40

www.india.gov.in/act-and-rules-related-environment-protection

https://www.unesco.org/en/articles/unesco-has-taken-major-steps-its-environmental-management

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the existing environmental issues and developed consciousness	K1, K2
CO2	Understood the various ecological movements and importance of environmental consciousness	K1, K2
СОЗ	Examined various environment management strategies and its implications	K2, K3, K4
CO4	Analysis of various environmental protection laws and role of social worker	K3, K4, K5
CO5	Reviewed various environmental movements and social work initiatives at different level	K1, K2, K5

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)
CO2	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)
CO3	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)
CO4	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)
W.Av	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	1.2	1.6	1.6	2.2

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)
CO3	L(1)	S(3)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)
CO4	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)
CO5	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
W.Av	2.2	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.6

II - SEMESTER										
Course Code	70424	Core 10 : Internship	Ship I Credits: 3 Ho Wee							
Objectives	<ol> <li>Practice the primary methods of Social Work in different settings.</li> <li>Understand the applicability of the methods and techniques of Social Work in the fields of social work.</li> <li>Enhance their skills of Social Work practice.</li> <li>Develop a network with working professionals in the field.</li> <li>Discover the nuances involved in the practice of social work.</li> </ol>									
Guidelines		ear students are placed in villages or hospitals or ing centers or welfare organizations or services.		•						

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the field realities	K2, K4
CO2	Acquired knowledge of the scope for the practice of social work	K3, K4
СОЗ	Developed the necessary competence to practice social work.	K3, K4, K6
CO4	Enlarged their professional network	K3, K6
CO5	Become more compassionate and confident in working with people.	K4, K5, K6

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S (3)	S (3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)
CO2	S(3)	S (3)	S (3)	S(3)	S(3)	S (3)				
CO3	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)
CO4	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S (3)	S (3)	S(3)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	S (3)	S (3)	S(3)	S (3)	S(3)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)
W.Av	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	3	3

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)
CO2	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)
CO3	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)
CO4	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)
CO5	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)
W.Av	2.8	2.8	2.4	3	2.6

		II - SEMESTER									
Course Code	70425	Work Wedical Social 1 Credits:4 Ho									
Objectives	2. To a me 3. To a 4. To a	<ol> <li>To understand the social work perspective in the field of health and medicine.</li> <li>To analyse the various health care approches and the application of various social work methods in medical settings.</li> <li>To develop knowledge and skills in inter - disciplinary apporach in the field of health.</li> <li>To acquire knowledge reagrding patient rights and ethics.</li> <li>To understand the role of medical social work in different settings.</li> </ol>									
Unit - I	Social Wor Concepts in	Concept and objectives of Medical Social Work in the west, and India. Trends & Scope in Health care: Concept of- Acute illness, Chrony, Palliative, Hospice and Convalescent care and	Medica	al Social work pra ess, Terminal illne	ess, Concept of						
Unit - II	approach to the Social a The concep	re Approaches: The Psychosomatic approaches prevention and promotion model. Problem assumed Clinical factors, assessing the Family Millipt of the Patient as a person, the patient as a Wue to hospitalization, Application of Social Wo	sessmen eu, hom hole - P	t: Intake, Assessing te visits, and discharge reparation of soci	ng the individual, large planning;						
Unit - III		n of various social works methods in hospita ciplines, Documentation, and Record Keeping									
Unit - IV	its relevance Health Insu	Patients rights and medical ethics, Medico-Legal issues: Consumer Protection Act (COPRA) and its relevance to Medical Social Work.  Health Insurance-Concept, Types and its importance, Medical ethics: Euthanasia, Organ Transplant, Stem Cell Research and Human Cloning. Case studies.									
Unit - V	workers in	ocial work practice in various settings: Role outpatient departments, Geriatric Department ce, and community health setting.									

- Anderson R. & Bury M. (1988) Living with Chronic Illness- The experience of patients and their families; Unwin Hyman, London
- Bajpai. P.K.(1997) Social work perspectives o Health, Rawar Publications, Delhi
- Bartlet. H.M (1961) Social work Practice in the Health Field, National Association of Social workers, New York.
- Pathak. S. H. (1961) Medical Social work in India; DSSW, Delhi.
- Tuckett D. & Kanfert J.M.(1978) Basic Readings in Medical sociology; Tavistok Publishers, London
- William C. Cockerham (1967): Medical Sociology, Prentice Hall.INC. New Jersey

#### Web Resources:

 $\underline{https://www.healthknowledge.org.uk/public-health-textbook/medical-sociology-policy-economics/4b-health-care/section8}$ 

https://www.thebetterindia.com/158829/patient-right-hospital-law/

https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pmc/articles/PMC5432947/#:~:text=A%20healthcare%20ethics%20committee%20or%20hospital%20ethics%20committee,ethical%20issues%20that%20arise%20in%20patient%20care%20%287%29.

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the fundamentals of medical social work and the various concepts in health care.	K1,K2
CO2	Ability to analyze the various healthcare approaches and understand the psycho-socio-cultural realities associated with patient care	K1, K2, K3, K4, K5
СОЗ	Develop the administrative and human resource management skills required in the field of healthcare.	K1, K2,K3
CO4	Demonstrate knowledge of addressing ethical dilemmas in the healthcare setting.	K1, K2, K3,K4, K5, K6
CO5	Describe social worker roles and responsibilities in varying health care settings.	K1, K2, K4

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)
CO3	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)
CO4	S(3)	S(3)	s(3)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	M(2)
CO5	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)
W.Av	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.4	1.8	1.2	1	2.2

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO2	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)
CO3	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)
CO4	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
W.Av	2.4	2.4	2.2	1.6	1.4

		II - SEMESTER								
Course Code	70426	DSE 2: Introduction to Psychopathology	Т	Credits: 4	Hours/ Week: 4					
Objectives	2. To 6 3. To 6 4. To §	understand the difficulties involved in classifical putline the basic features of schizophrenia and elevelop a basic understanding of substance usegain a basic understanding of mood disorders. earn the basics of childhood and disorders of the	it's treat disorde	rement.	ormality.					
Unit - I	and Abnorr	Atroduction to Psychopathology: Concept and current paradigms in psychopathology, Normality and Abnormality, Classification on Mental Disorders, Salient features and limitation, Examination of persons with mental illness - Importance of interview, Skills in interviewing, Case history taking and Mental Status Examination.								
Unit - II	1 -	enia:Paranoid, Disorganized, Catatonic, Schiz linical Diagnosis, Management and its Outcom	-	a form disorder -	Epidemiology,					
Unit - III	Nicotine, C	use disorder: Concept of use, Misuse, Alepiod, Cannabis, Inhalants related mental disorderse, Management and its outcome.								
Unit - IV		orders: Unipolar, Bipolar disorders- Epider and its Outcome.	niology	, Etiology, Clinic	cal Diagnosis,					
Unit - V	Disorders, 2 Etiology, D Disorders of disorders a	disorders and disorders of the aged: Menta ADHD, Learning and Motor Skills Disorders, Giagnosis, Management and its Outcome. If Aged: Old age stress, Anxiety, Depression and Disorders of cognition. Sleep and sleep displaying in the Aged: Management and its Outcome.	Commu:	nication disorder	- Epidemiology, er life, Psychotic					

- Carson, et al (2004), Abnormal Psychology and Modern Life, New Delhi, Pearson Education.
- Comer (2002), Fundamentals of Abnormal Psychology, New York, Worth Publishers.
- Hoeksema (2005), Abnormal Psychology, New Delhi, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co.
- John D. et al (1999), Psychopathology, New York, Routledge.
- Sarason.B (2005), Abnormal Psychology: The problem of maladaptive behavior, New Jersey, Pearson Education.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.psychologydiscussion.net/difference-between/difference-between-normal-and-abnormal-behaviour/475 https://www.nimh.nih.gov/health/topics/substance-use-and-mental-health https://www.nimh.nih.gov/health/topics/schizophrenia

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Relate the difference between normality and abnormality along with the perspectives explaining them.	K1, K2
CO2	Explain and identify the symptoms, types, causes, aetiology, Epidemiology and Management of Schizophrenia.	K2, K3, K4
СОЗ	Explain and identify symptoms, types, causes, aetiology, epidemiology and Management of Substance use disorders.	K2, K3, K4
CO4	Explain and identify symptoms, types, causes, aetiology, epidemiology and management of Mood Disorder.	K2, K3, K4
CO5	Explain and identify symptoms, types, causes, aetiology, epidemiology and management of Childhood disorder and disorders of the aged.	K2, K3, K4

# **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M(2)	M (2)	L(1)	L(1)	M (2)
CO2	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)	L(1)	L(1)	M (2)
CO3	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)
CO4	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	M (2)
CO5	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	L (1)	L(1)	M (2)
W.Av	3	3	3	2	2	1.4	1.6	1.2	1.2	2

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	L (1)
CO2	S(3)	M (2)	M (2)	S (3)	M (2)
CO3	S(3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)
CO4	S(3)	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)
CO5	S(3)	M (2)	L(1)	S (3)	M (2)
W.Av	3	2	1.6	2.4	1.8

		II - SEMESTER							
Course Code	SEC - 2 : Workplace Wellness T Credits: 2 Hour /Week								
Objectives	2. To e 3. To d 4. To e	inderstand the concept and importance of work nlarge the understanding about the principles a levelop an understanding of workplace wellnes xamine and understand the various wellness in levelop the competence to practice wellness str	and mod s challe terventi	els. nges. ons.					
Unit - I	nature of w	<b>Workplace:</b> Definition and importance of wovork - Work in the 21st century - Attitude t Workplace culture, Work readiness and engage	owards		~ ~				
Unit - II	- Wellness	Workplace Wellness: Definition and importance of workplace wellness in the contemporary world - Wellness dimensions. Wellness imperatives - Wellness principles, Workplace wellness model (4B's : Believing, Bonding, Belonging and Benefitting), Wellness KPIs.							
Unit - III	(Multi-task Concept of burn out. Relationshi physical and	challenges in workplace: Work-related chaing), role ambiguity and conflicts, work-life bestress, stressors at work, stress continuum, stress challenges: Workplace gossip, toxic relations demental health challenges - musculoskeletal dipression, substance abuse, and workplace suicing	palance. ess and aships ar sorder (	Workplace Stre violence, stress cond their impact. He	ss and violence: onsequences and ealth challenges:				
Unit - IV	wellness cu Self manag	Wellness Interventions - I: Organizational management: Ergonomic workstations, Promotion of wellness culture and Psychological safety.  Self management: Adversity quotient, Assertiveness and resilience training, Appreciative mindset, Stress management, Mindfulness & Energy management.							
Unit - V	networks, M	nterventions - II: Social management : Emoranagement of toxic relationships.  counselling: Help seeking behaviours, Wi			-				

- Callahan, D. (2004). The cheating culture: Why more Americans are doing wrong to get ahead. New York: Harcourt Books
- Laura putnam. (2015). workplace wellness that works 10 steps to infuse wellbeing and vitality into any organization. John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Hoboken, New Jersey.
- Hasson, G., & Butler, D. (2020). Mental Health and Wellbeing in the Workplace: A Practical Guide for Employers and Employees. Capstone

#### Web Resources:

14 Employee Well-Being Initiatives That Will Boost Engagement And Productivity (forbes.com)
Five challenges to 'good work' and how to overcome them | World Economic Forum (weforum.org)

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the basics of work and workplace.	K1, K2
CO2	Explain various important concepts related to workplace wellness.	K1, K2, K5
СОЗ	Understood the psycho - social challenges experienced by employees and apply strategies to deal with them.	K1, K2, K3
CO4	Acquire an understanding of organiztional and self management.	K1, K2, K3
CO5	Showcase the skills related to managing relationships in workplace and workplace counselling.	K1, K2, K3

# **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO2	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO3	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)	M(2)
CO4	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	S(3)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	S(3)
W.Av	2.4	2.4	2.4	2	1.4	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.2	2

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO3	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)
CO4	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	L(1)
CO5	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	L(1)
W.Av	2.8	2	1.8	2.2	1

		II - SEMESTER			
Course Code	70428	NME: Social Marketing	Т	Credits:2	Hours/ Week:
Objectives	2. To u: 3. To ea 4. To d	nderstand the basic concepts related to social manderstand the concepts related to branding.  Quip students with branding strategies evelop skills related to product positioning.  now the depth of behaviour change and its impact			
Unit - I	social mark	tals of Social Marketing: Concept, important teting, and commercial marketing, Principles, and istening, planning, structuring, pretesting, and m	nd tech	niques. Strategic	-
Unit - II	Branding: elements.	Definition and importance of branding, produ	ict vs t	orand, Process of	branding, brand
Unit - III	Brand Str effective br	ategies: Customer analysis, Competitive ana	lysis aı	nd Self-Analysis,	Guidelines for
Unit - IV	1	g the social product: definition of positioning sitioning, benefit-focused positioning, competition		-	tioning, barriers-
Unit - V	Behaviour	change and social marketing: Social media an	d mark	eting: social med	ia strategies.

- Deshpande, Sameer, and Nancy R. Lee. Social Marketing in India. Sage Publications, 2013.
- Lee, N., & Kotler, P. (2016). Social Marketing: Influencing behaviors for good (5th ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: SAGE.
- Kotler, Philip, and Nancy R. Lee. Social Marketing: Influencing Behaviors for Good. 4th. ed., Sage South Asia, 2012.
- Sengupta, Subroto. Brand Positioning: Strategies for Competitive Advantage. McGraw Hill Education, 2005.
- Keller, Kevin Lane, Ambi Parameswaran, and Isaac Jacob. Strategic Brand Management: Building, Measuring, and Managing Brand Equity. 4th Edition. Pearson Education India, 2015.

#### Web Resources:

Social Marketing - Definition, Importance of Social Marketing (marketing91.com)

What is Branding? - Meaning, Definitions, Functions, Types, Advantages (economics discussion.net)

What is social media marketing (SMM)? (techtarget.com)

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the fundamental concepts in social marketing.	K1, K2
CO2	Showcase branding and social product positioning awareness.	K1, K2,
CO3	Application knowledge of social media marketing strategies.	K1, K3,
CO4	Better competence in product positioning skills	K2,K3
CO5	Depth understanding about behaviour change and its impact in marketing	K2,K3

# **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)
CO2	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	L(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)	M(2)
CO3	M(2)	M(2)	L(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)
CO4	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	L(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)	M(2)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	L(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)
W.Av	2.2	2	2.6	2.2	1.8	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.2	2

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
CO3	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
CO4	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
W.Av	2.6	2	2	1	1

		III - SEMESTER			
Course Code	70431	Core 11: Social Work Research and Statistics	Т	Credits:4	Hours/ Week: 4
Objectives	2. To da 3. To res 4. To	understand the fundamentals of Research produced an understanding about Research designate collection.  understand the importance of qualitative research.  analyse and understand about variables mapping develop the ability to do statistical analysis.	gns and	ts differences with	
Unit - I	Social wor	meaning, objectives and types. Scientific attitick research: steps of social work research -defin Research problem-identification, Selection, form reparation.	ing, stra	tegy, execution ar	nd
Unit - II	nature and	<b>design</b> - meaning and types, hypothesis - nature types, assumptions and its nature. Sampling - rools -questionnaire, interview schedule, intervied tools.	neaning	, types, errors and	
Unit - III	ethnograph phenomen in depth in	re research-meaning, definition, types, process, by, participant and non participant observation, ology, case study, historical method and action terview, focus group interview and artifacts. References research. Survey -meaning types and steps.	naturali researcl	stic observation, f n. Methods of coll	ield research, ection of data -
Unit - IV	Analysis a sheet prepa	-meaning, types and levels of measurement. Rend processing of data - editing, coding, code boaration. Classification, tabulation, frequency disposes -interpretation of data.	ok prep	aration, code	
Unit - V	dispersion Chi-square Statistical	re Statistics: Measures of Central tendency - M -Standard deviation; Measures of association - test, t-test, Correlation and Rank correlation. Usapplication in Social Work Research - Introduct report writing	Correla Jses of s	tion; Testing of Si statistics and its lin	ignificance: mitations;

- Cargan, Leonard. 2008. Doing social research. Jaipur. Rawat publications.
- DebashisChakraborty, 2009, research methodology, Saurabn publishing house. New Delhi.
- Hatt, and Goode. 1981. Methods in social research. Auckland. McgrawHill book company.
- Gupta, S P. 2009. Statistical methods. New Delhi. Sultan Chand and sons.
- Kothari, C.R. 2004. Research methodology -methods and techniques. New Delhi. New age international private limited.
- Wilkinson. 1984. Methodology and techniques of social research. Bombay. Himalaya.

#### Web Resources:

What Is a Research Design | Types, Guide & Examples (scribbr.com)

Qualitative Research: Definition, Types, Methods and Examples (questionpro.com)

Descriptive Statistics | Definitions, Types, Examples (scribbr.com)

By completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the need and importance of research in Statistics	K1,K2
CO2	Understood research design along with the tools and able to demonstrate it	K1,K2, K4
СОЗ	Ability to differentiate qualitative and quantitative research along with the characteristics	K1,K2, K4
CO4	Developed competence to compute data and interpret research results	K2
CO5	Application of acquired knowledge to create research interest and aptitude	K3, K4, K6

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)
CO3	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)
CO4	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)						
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)						
W.Av	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.6	2	2	2	2	2.6

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)
CO2	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)
CO3	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
CO4	L(1)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)
CO5	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)
W.Av	2.2	2.4	2.6	1.6	1.6

		III - SEMESTER								
Course Code	70432	Core 12: Disaster Management	Т	Credits:4	Hours/ Week: 4					
Objectives	2. To unders 3. To gain a 4. To learn a	1. To define the types of disasters and discuss the vulnerability of India. 2. To understand the disaster management cycle. 3. To gain awareness of the legal provisions available to manage the impact of disasters. 4. To learn about the various methods used to prepare and recover from the impact of disasters. 5. To outline the role of social workers and agencies in disaster management.								
Unit - I	of Disasters	ing Disasters: Meaning, Concept - Type of Dis - Disaster Vulnerability of India: Lessons from e, Orissa Super Cyclone, Tsunami and Chenna	m Bhopa	l Gas Tragedy, Gu	ıjarat					
Unit - II	Reconstruct	inagement Cycle - Preparedness, Rescue/Reco ion. Factors influencing disaster preparedness Strategies Disaster Management Policy (2005)	and resp							
Unit - III	(CBDM)- R	nagement Act (2005) - Community Based Distestoration of Livelihood - Disaster Insurance Income Generation Activities and Housing -	- Insurar	nce as an agency f						
Unit - IV	Awareness t	Techniques - Vulnerability Analysis - Surviva through IEC and Media - Training for Youth ( o Organisation - Recovery after disasters.		-	ock Drill) -					
Unit - V	Managemen	ial Workers in Psycho-social Support. Role of at: Role of Government in Disaster Manageme NDMA) - Role of International Organisations	nt - Nati	onal Disaster Man	-					

- Disaster Prevention and Mitigation (1982), United Nations Disaster Relief Coordination, New York.
- Form William H and Sigmund Nosow (1958), Community in Disaster, Harper and brothers Publishers, New York
- Julie Freestone And Rudi Raab, 2004, Disaster Preparedness, Viva Books Pvt Ltd, New Delhi
- Klinenberg Eric (2002), Heat Wave: A Social Autopsy of Disaster in Chicago, University of Chicago Press, Chicago.
- Mamata Swain, Jaganath Lenka, Minati Mallick, 2007, Gender Perspective in Disaster Management, Serials Publications, New Delhi
- Parida P.K. (2002), Towards Rebuilding a Post Disaster Society: A Case Study of Super Cyclone Affected Coastal Orissa, The Indian Journal of Social Work, Vol 63, Issue 2.

#### Web Resources:

https://www.bing.com/search?q=disater+management&qs=n&form=QBRE&sp=-1&ghc=1&lq=0&pq=disater+managemen&sc=10-17&sk=&cvid=7CBD8AAF48F84899B95524C98CE95172&ghsh=0&ghacc=0&ghpl=What is disaster management? | Disaster management | World Vision International (wvi.org)

NIDM: Home

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the concept of disaster and its types	K1, K2
CO2	Understand and analyse the disaster management cylce	K2, K4
СОЗ	Understand and explain the Acts related to disaster manangement	K1, K2
CO4	Understand and apply the different techniques for disaster management	K2, K3, K4
CO5	Analyse the role of social workers and others in the context of disaster	K2, K3, K4

# **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)
CO2	M (2)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M (2)
CO3	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	S (3)	M (2)	S (3)	M (2)	L(1)
CO4	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)
CO5	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
W.Av	2.8	2.8	2.6	1.6	1.8	2.2	2	1.4	1.2	1.8

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S (3)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)
CO2	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)
CO3	S (3)	L (1)	S (3)	M (2)	S (3)
CO4	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)
CO5	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)
W.Av	3	2	2.6	2	2

		III - SEMESTER								
Course Code	70433	Core 13: Social Legislation	Т	Credits: 4	Hours: 4					
Objectives	2. T 3. T 4. T	<ol> <li>To gain knowledge about the structure and functioning of law enforcement agencies.</li> <li>To gain knowledge about the laws related to women.</li> <li>To become aware of the legal provisions available for children.</li> <li>To gain knowledge about the laws pertaining to the underprivileged.</li> <li>To become aware of the legal provisions related to labour.</li> </ol>								
Unit - I	Free Leg System -	etion to Social Legislation: definition, scope al Aid in India. Social Policy in India. Right of Law enactment procedure - Law enforcement citigation.	o Inform	ation, 2005 India	n Judicial					
Unit - II	from Dor Act, 196 Harassm	nated to women: Personal Laws: Laws related mestic Violence Act, 2005, Immoral Traffic (1. Indecent Representation of Women (Prohibent at Work Place Act, 2013, Pre-Natal Diagron of Misuse) Act, 1994.	Preventio pition) Ac	n) Act, 1956; Dov t, 1986; Preventio	wry Prohibition on of Sexual					
Unit - III	Right of	lated to children: The Juvenile Justice (Care Children to Free and Compulsory Education on) Act, 1986; Protection of Children from Se	Act. 2009	, Child Labour (Pi						
Unit - IV	AMEND	ated to Underprivileged: The SC/ST (Preve MENT ACT 2015, Protection of Human Rig ISABILITIES ACT 2016. The Mental Health	nts Act, 1	993. RIGHTS OF						
Unit - V		<b>ated to Labour:</b> Rural Employment Guarant on) Act, 1976; The Unorganized Workers' Soc			•					

- Allison, M. & Kaye, J. (2005). Strategic Planning for Nonprofit Organizations, 2nd ed. New York: John Wiley & Sons.
- Chowdry, Paul. 1992 Social Welfare Administration, Atma Ram and Sons, New Delhi.
- Edwards, R., Yankey, J., & Altpeter, M. (Eds.), (1998). Skills for Effective Management of Nonprofit Organizations. Washington, DC: NASW Press.
- Sankaran and Rodrigues, 1983 Handbook for the Management of Voluntary Organisations, Alpha Publications, Chennai.
- Proehl, R. (2001). Organizational Change in the Human Services. Thousand Oaks, CA: Batra, Nitin. 2004. Administration of social Welfare in India. Jaipur: Raj Publishing House.

#### Web Resources:

athshala.com/judicial-system-in-india/

Children Protection Laws In India - Law Insider India

Laws Related to Women | National Commission for Women (ncw.nic.in)

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Gained an understanding regarding the role of social legislation in the field of social work.	K1, K2
CO2	The ability to identify, compare, and analyze the various constitutional provisions related to women.	K1, K2, K4
СОЗ	The ability to identify, compare, and analyze the various constitutional provisions related to children.	K1, K2, K4
CO4	The ability to identify, compare, and analyze the various constitutional provisions related to underprivileged.	K1, K2, K4
CO5	The ability to identify, compare, and analyze the various constitutional provisions related to labour.	K1, K2, K4

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)
CO3	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)
CO4	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)
CO5	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)
W.Av	3	3	3	1	1	2	2	2	2	1

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	S(3)	S(3)
CO2	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	S(3)	S(3)
CO3	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	S(3)	S(3)
CO4	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	S(3)	S(3)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	S(3)	S(3)
W.Av	2	2	1	3	3

	III - SEMESTER										
Course Code	70434 Core 14 : Internship I Credits: 3 Hours Week:										
Objectives	<ul><li>2. Understa</li><li>work.</li><li>3.Enhance</li><li>4. Develop</li></ul>	the primary methods of Social Work in different and the applicability of the methods and technical their skills of Social Work practice.  In a network with working professionals in the first the nuances involved in the practice of social	ques of s		e fields of social						
Guidelines	_	ear students are placed in villages or hospitals or ing centers or welfare organizations or services.		•							

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the field realities	K2, K4
CO2	Acquired knowledge of the scope for the practice of social work	K3, K4
СОЗ	Developed the necessary competence to practice social work.	K3, K4, K6
CO4	Enlarged their professional network	K3, K6
CO5	Become more commpasionate and confident in working with people.	K4, K5, K6

# **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S (3)	S (3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)
CO2	S(3)	S (3)	S (3)	S(3)	S(3)	S (3)				
CO3	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)
CO4	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S (3)	S (3)	S(3)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	S (3)	S (3)	S(3)	S (3)	S(3)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)
W.Av	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	3	3

CO	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)
CO2	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)
CO3	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)
CO4	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)
CO5	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)
W.Av	2.8	2.8	2.4	3	2.6

		III - SEMESTER									
Course Code	70435	DSE - 3 : Introduction to Psychiatric Social Work	Т	Credits: 4	Hours/ Week: 4						
Objectives	2. To lo 3. To lo 4. To c	<ol> <li>To understand the basic concepts of psychiatric social work practice and its history</li> <li>To learn about major therapeutic approaches</li> <li>To learn the policies, programmes, legislations concerning mental health</li> <li>To create awareness on Psychiatric Social Work in different settings</li> <li>To understand the practice of community mental health.</li> </ol>									
Unit - I	Social Worl	on to Psychiatric Social Work: Definition, Sco in west and India. Current trends in Psychiatric ods in Psychiatric Settings. Limitations faced by	c Social	Work. The practi	ice of Social						
Unit - II	Family and burden of d	mental illness. Loss of personhood - Diagnosis isease, direct and indirect burden, burden reduct gement - Concept and importance, process and reconcept of recovery and the role of psychiatric	in Psycion start	hiatric Social Wor regies. ase manager.	rk, Concept of						
Unit - III	1 -	ial interventions: Psycho social assessment, in s, psychoeducation, social skills training, social									
Unit - IV	Rehabilitati Intervention	Psychiatric Rehabilitation: Concept of impairment, disability and handicap. Concept of Rehabilitation, objectives and importance, Rehabilitation Process and Interventions. National Mental Health Policy 2014. Mental Health Act 2017, Rights of the persons with Mentally Illness.									
Unit - V	challenges,	y Psychiatry - Concept and its importance, procommunity mobilisation, stigma reduction. Advole of psychiatric Social Worker in Inpatient, ou	ocacy a	nd networking- in	nportance and						

- Baker, P, (1992) Basic family therapy, Blackwell Scientific Pub.: New Delhi
- Daver, Bhargavi, (1999) Mental Health of Indian Women, Sage Publications, New Delhi
- Daver, Bhargavi, (2001) Mental Health from a Gender Perspective, Sage Publications, New Delhi
- Dhanda, Amita, (1999) Legal Order and Mental Disorder, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- Ian Mathews(2000) Social Work and Spirituality, Learning Matters Ltd. Exeter, UK
- Irallagher, B. J. (1995) The sociology of mental illness. 3rd ed. Prentice hall: USA

#### Web Resources:

Psychosocial Intervention - an overview | ScienceDirect Topics Psychiatric rehabilitation today: an overview - PMC (nih.gov) Community Psychiatry - an overview | ScienceDirect Topics

On successful completion of the course, the students are expected to know:

CO1	The Concept of psychiatric social work and its historical antecedents	K1, K2
CO2	The Theoretical perspectives and approaches of psychiatric social work	K2, K3, K4
СОЗ	Apply and analyse the psychosocial interventions in psychiatric social work practice.	K2, K3, K4
CO4	The Policies, programmes and legal interventions concerning psychiatric setting	K2, K3, K4
CO5	The roles and skill to engage psychiatric social work practice in hospital and other health care settings	K2, K3, K6

# **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)
CO2	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	L (1)	L(1)	M (2)
CO3	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	L (1)	L(1)	S (3)				
CO4	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)
CO5	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)
W.Av	3	3	3	2	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.6	1.6	2

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S (3)	L(1)	L(1)	M (2)	M (2)
CO2	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)
CO3	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)
CO4	S (3)	M (2)	S (3)	M (2)	S (3)
CO5	S (3)	M(1)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)
W.Av	3	1.8	2.2	2	2.2

		III - SEMESTER								
Course Code	70436	DSE - 4: Fundamentals of Counselling	Т	Credits4:	Hours/ Week: 4					
Objectives	2. To 3. To 4. To 3.	understand the concept and importance of or get equipped with various approaches of co- develop the basic skills in counselling and apply the counselling skills in a therapeutic analyse and understand the practice of coun	unselling Guidance. setting.							
Unit - I	Types-Dire Principles	ntroduction to Counselling: Counselling: Definition -Goals; Historical development; Types-Directive -Non-Directive Counselling, Individual-Group -Community Counselling; rinciples & Ethical Standards of Practice; Worth & Dignity of an Individual: Sociological & hilosophical Implications; Characteristics of clients; Relevance of Counselling to Social Work								
Unit - II	Gestalt; Co	al Foundations of Counselling: Psychodyrognitive-Behavioural; Family Therapy; Interprets, Contemporary contributors, Therapeut	grative & E	clectic Approache						
Unit - III	Attitude & for Profess and Self-Re	r as a professional: Personal Qualities and Awareness; Personal Effectiveness: Self- I ional Counsellors: Vicarious Trauma, Com enewal in Counselling-Types-Uses and Skills requ	steem & C passion Fat	ongruence; Welln	ess & Self- Care					
Unit - IV	Relationshi responding Use of Indi Therapies;	Process and Approaches of Counselling: Gerard Egan's Model; Ingredients of Counselling Relationship; Skills & Techniques required for effective counsellors- Initiating, attending & responding. Use of Bonding & Spirituality for healing.  Use of Indigenous Therapeutic Approaches in Counselling: Meditation, Yoga, Movement Therapies; Psychodrama: Expressive Arts Therapy; Narrative Therapies, Mindfulness, Positive Psychology, Solution Focused & Brief Therapies in Counselling.								
Unit - V	Workplace Situations Counsellin	ng Practice Setting: Pre-Marital, Marital & Counselling in Educational Settings - Car & Grief, Counselling Sexual Minorities, Fe g, Counselling for Addiction Concerns; Cogical Counselling, Counselling in Health Se	eer Counse rtility Man unselling fo	lling, Counselling agement Counselli	in Disaster ng, Adoption					

- Currie J, 1989, Barefoot Counselling: A Primer in Building Helping Relationship, Bangalore, Asian Trading Corporation.
- Egan, Gerard, 2006, The Skilled Helper: A Problem Management and Opportunity Approach to Helping, Boston, Wadsworth Publishers.
- Rao, Narayana, 2002, Counselling and Guidance, New Delhi, Tata McGraw Hill. Aggarwal & Malhotra, 2021, Guidance and Counselling, India, ND Publishers.
- Corey Gerald, 2004, Theory and Practice of Group Counselling, Thomson Brooks / Cole
- Cormier, S. & Cormier, B. 1998, Interviewing Strategies for Helpers (4th ed.). Pacific Grove: Brooks/Cole.
- Gladding Samuel & Batra Promila, 2018, Counselling: A Comprehensive Profession. India, Pearson Publications.

#### Web Resources:

https://positivepsychology.com/popular-counseling-approaches/#:~:text=12%20Most%20Common%20Approaches

%201%201.%20Psychodynamic%20Coun

Different approaches to psychotherapy (apa.org)

Basic Counselling Skills explained [PDF Download] • Counselling Tutor

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On completion of the course, Students will have

CO1	Understood the concepts of counselling and its relevance to social work practise	K1, K2
CO2	Understood the theoretical foundations of counselling and its therapeutic applications	K1, K2, K3
СОЗ	Analysis of professional attributes of a counsellor and examined the importance of recording in counselling	K1, K2, K4
CO4	Analysis and application of various therapeutic approaches of counselling	K3, K4
CO5	Developed the competence of applying counselling in various settings.	K3, K4, K5

### **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)
CO3	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)
CO4	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)
CO5	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)						
W.Av	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.4	2.4	2.2	2.2	2	2	2.4

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
CO3	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)
CO4	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)
CO5	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)
W.Av	3	2.2	2.2	2	2

		II	I - SEMESTER					
Course Code	70437	SEC 3: Trauma Man	agement	Т	Credits: 2	Hours / week:		
Objectives	<ul><li>2. To acquir</li><li>3. To praction</li><li>4. To acquir</li></ul>	tand the theories & condre basic knowledge of doe the models & approace basic skills and technic and review the current	iagnosis and understand thes related to trauma ca ques utilized in trauma	ling of t are for p care.	raumatic situation	ns.		
Unit - I	stressor-typ	ling Trauma: Definition es of crisis and types of vention and Suicide interest.	emergencies - crisis in	_				
Unit - II	traumatic ev Culture and precipitants	ogy of Trauma: Traum vents and critical incider d Trauma, Post-traum -Psychosocial factors as lentities, class, and spiri	nts - Psycho-biology of a natic growth: Acute s ssociated with trauma r	Trauma, stress d	, epidemiology of isorder traumati	traumatic events ic stressors as		
Unit - III	Victims to	ictimology: Victim's cy Survivor. Caring f tuality/religion in adapt	or the caregiver. Ro		•			
Unit - IV	Cycle of D	Skills and Techniques utilized in trauma Care: Psychological First Aid - Critical Incident Stress Cycle of Debriefing, Grief wheel & Reflective Practices in Social work, Kubler Ross model, forgiveness-Application of Social Work methods.						
Unit - V	Displacemen	nurrent practice trends nt 3: Accident 4. Pander online platforms) Curren	nics-COVID19 & Term	ninal Illr	ness 5. Stress due	to new normal		

- Bisson, 11 & Lewis, C. (2009), Systematic Review of Psychological First Aid Commissioned by the World Health Organization.
- Beymer, M. Jacobs, A, Layne, C, Pynoos, R. Ruszek, 1, Steinberg, A, et al. (2006). Psychological First Aid: Field operations guide (2nd ed.). Los Angeles.
- Freeman, C, Flitcroft, A. & Weeple, P. (2003) Psychological First Aid: A Replacement for Psychological Debriefing Short-Term post Trauma Responses for Individuals and Groups. The CullenRivers Centre for Traumatic Stress, Royal Edinburgh Hospital.
- Inter-Agency Standing Committee (LASC) (2007). IASC Guidelines on Mental Health and Psychosocial Support in Emergency Settings. Geneva: IASC
- International Federation of the Red Cross (2009) Module S: Psychological First Aid and Supportive Communication.In: Community-Based Psychosocial Support, A Training Kit (Participant's Book and Trainers Book). Denmark International Federation Reference Center for Psychosocial Support.

### Web Resources:

 $\frac{\text{https://www.bing.com/ck/a?!\&\&p=0ebf2610dad67bbdJmltdHM9MTY5MjMxNjgwMCZpZ3VpZD0yNTI3YTMxMi0yODVhLTY2ZWQtMjBmYS1iMzA3MjlkMTY3ODcmaW5zaWQ9NTM5Ng&ptn=3&hsh=3&fclid=2527a312-285a-66ed-20fa-b30729d16787&psq=trauma+management&u=a1aHR0cHM6Ly93d3cubWVkaWNhbG5ld3N0b2RheS5jb20vYXJ0aWNsZXMvdHJhdW1h&ntb=1$ 

//www.publichealth.com.ng/crisis-intervention-stages-principles-techniques/

//academic.oup.com/book/24549/chapter-abstract/187739012?redirectedFrom=fulltext

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Developed the basic understanding regarding the basics of trauma management	K1, K2
CO2	Understand and analyze the impact of trauma in the human body	K1, K2, K3
СОЗ	Developed an understanding of the trends in victomolgy and analyse the role of spirituality and religion in coping with trauma	K1, K2, K3
CO4	Gained a practical understanding of the skills require to provide support to those who have experienced trauma	K1, K2, K3, K6
CO5	Gained an insight regarding the different kinds of trauma	K1, K2, K3

#### **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)						
CO2	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)
CO3	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)
CO4	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)
W.Av	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.6	2.6	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.6

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)	L(1)
CO2	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)
CO3	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)
CO4	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)
CO5	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)
W.Av	2.2	2.6	2.6	2	1.4

		III - SEMESTER									
Course Code	70438 NME: Community Mental Health T Credits: 2 H										
Objectives	1. To understand the concept and importance of community mental health. 2. To outline the available mental health resources. 3. To understand the concept of Community Organization. 4. To develop insights into the pretices that promote community engagement. 5. To understand the strategies to promote community resilience.										
Unit - I	health cha	Community mental health: concept and importance, culture and mental health, mental health challenges - poverty, violence. Mental health resources, stigma and discrimination, stigma reduction strategies, disease burden.									
Unit - II	Mental he	ealth resources: stigma and discrimination	, stigma	reduction strate	egies, disease						
Unit - III	Commun	ity organisation: concept, process, and tec	hniques								
Unit IV		Community engagement: stakeholder, stakeholder analysis, stakeholder participation, community, challenges, engagement drivers.									
Unit V		ity resilience: Concept and importance, resilience.	silience	framework, strat	tegies to						

- Ritter, L & Lampkin,S. (2012). Community Mental Health. United States: Jones & Bartlett Learning.
- Mueser, K.T. (2011).Oxford Textbook of Community Mental Health. New York: Oxford University Press.
- Burns, T (2004). Community Mental Health Teams: A Guide to Current Practices. New York: Oxford University Press
- Ornelas, J. (2014.) Community Psychology and Community Mental Health: Towards Transformative Change. New York: Oxford University Press
- Ajeet, S (2012). Community mental health in India. New Delhi: Jeypee publishers.

#### Web Resources:

www.verywellhealth.com/community-mental-health-centers-5322845 /www.sciencedirect.com/topics/social-sciences/community-resilience www.who.int/westernpacific/initiatives/community-engagement

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the concepts and importance of community mental health.	K1, K2, K3
CO2	Understood the available mental health resources.	K2, K4
СОЗ	Understood the concept of Community Organization.	K2, K3
CO4	Developed insights into the practices that promote community engagement	K2, K3
CO5	Developed the strategies to promote community resilience.	K2,K3

## **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	M(2)
CO2	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)
CO3	S(3)									
CO4	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)
CO5	S(3)									
W.Av	3	3	3	2.6	2.6	2	2	2	2	2.6

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
CO2	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)
CO3	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)
CO4	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)
CO5	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)
W.Av	3	2.6	2.6	1.6	1.6

IV - SEMESTER							
Course Code	70441	Core 15: Internship	I	Credits: 8	Hours/ Week: 16		
Objectives	<ol> <li>To study and understand the working of an agency.</li> <li>To gain professional intervention skills and program/ Process in implementation skills</li> <li>To develop skills in documentation</li> <li>To develop personal and professional self</li> <li>To build a network of professionals in the field of social work.</li> </ol>						
Guidelines	offices or o	The second year students are placed in villages or hospitals or schools or NGOs or government offices or counseling centers or welfare organizations or service organization for their Practice Based Social Work.					

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the working of the agency, its goals and policies	K2
CO2	Developed the necessary competence to implement the social work interventions.	K3. K4, K5, K6
СОЗ	Developed the necessary competence to document	K4, K5, K6
CO4	Developed professional network, personal and professional values	K2, K5
CO5	Becomes more compassionate and confident in working with people.	K6

# **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	S(3)	S (3)	S (3)	M(2	L(1)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M (2)
CO2	S(3)	S (3)	S (3)	S(3)	S(3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	M (2)	S (3)
CO3	S(3)	S (3)	M (2)	M (2)	S (3)					
CO4	S(3)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)	M(2)	M (2)	S (3)	S (3)	M (2)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	S (3)	S (3)	M(2)	S (3)	S(3)	S (3)	S (3)	S (3)
W.Av	2.8	2.8	3	2.8	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.6

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	M (2)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)
CO2	S(3)	S(2)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)
CO3	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)
CO4	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)
CO5	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)
W.Av	2.8	2.6	2.4	3	2.6

	IV Semester							
Course Code	70442	Core 16: Dissertation	D	Credits: 7	Hours/ Week: 14			
Objectives	<ol> <li>To comprehend the application of social work research methodology.</li> <li>To practice the various procedural steps involved in undertaking a research project.</li> <li>To develop the skills to scientifically study a social concern and come up with practical concerns to address the concerns.</li> <li>To analyze the field of interest and conduct a study.</li> <li>To apply the ethical standard and conduct a research study.</li> </ol>							
Guidelines	Each student undertakes an independent research project under the supervision of the allocated research guide. The students are encouraged to carry out a study based on social concerns in a particular population.							
	The dissertation will be submitted in hard bound form. Students are required to submit a thesis at the end of the second year.							
	The internal marks are awarded to the students on the basis of their protocol presentation, progress presentation and submission of progress report.							
		al examination marks are provided based on the in Viva Voce examination.	ie qual	ity of the disserta	tion thesis and			

On completion of the course, students will have

CO1	Understood the scope for social work research.	K2
CO2	Developed the research competence through practice.	K3
СОЗ	Becomes more confident in taking up research.	K6
CO4	Understood the ethical standards in doing research.	K2, K3, K5
CO5	Contributed to knowledge building.	K6

# **Mapping Course Outcome vs Programme Outcomes**

СО	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10
CO1	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	L(1)	M(2)	S(3)	M(2)
CO2	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)
CO3	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	S(3)	S(3)
CO4	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	S(3)	L(1)	M(2)
CO5	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)	L(1)
W.Av	2	2	2	2.8	2.8	2.2	1	2	2.2	2

СО	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4	PSO5
CO1	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)
CO2	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)
CO3	S(3)	S(3)	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)
CO4	M(2)	M(2)	M(2)	S(3)	S(3)
CO5	S(3)	M(2)	M(2)	L(1)	L(1)
W.Av	2.6	2.4	2.4	2	2

#### PG Programme

#### 19.1 Passing minimum

- A candidate shall be declared to have passed each course if he/she secures not less than 40% marks in the End Semester Examinations and 40% marks in the Internal Assessment and not less than 50% in the aggregate, taking Continuous Assessment and End Semester Examinations marks together.
- The candidates not obtain 40% in the Internal Assessment are permitted to improve their Internal Assessment marks in the subsequent semesters (2 chances will be given) by writing the CIA tests and by submitting assignments.
- Candidates, who have secured the pass marks in the End-Semester Examination and in the CIA but failed to secure the aggregate minimum pass mark (E.S.E + C I.A), are permitted to improve their Internal Assessment mark in the following semester and/or in University examinations.
- A candidate shall be declared to have passed the Project/Dissertation/Internship if he/she gets not less than 40% in the End Semester Examinations and 40% marks in the Internal Assessment and not less than 50% in the aggregate in each of the Project/Dissertation/Internship Report and Viva-Voce.
- A candidate who gets less than 50% in the Project/Dissertation/Internship Report must resubmit the thesis. Such candidates need to take again the Viva-Voce on the resubmitted Project report.

#### 19.2 Grading

The following table gives the marks, Grade points, Letter Grades, and classifications meant to indicate the overall academic performance of the candidate.

Conversion of Marks to Grade Points and Letter Grade (Performance in Paper/Course)

RANGE OF MARKS	GRA DE POINTS	LETTER GRADE	DESCRIPTION
90 - 100	9.0 – 10.0	0	Outstanding
80 - 89	8.0 – 8.9	D+	Excellent
75 - 79	7.5 – 7.9	D	Distinction
70 - 74	7.0 – 7.4	A+	Very Good
60 - 69	6.0 – 6.9	А	Good
50 - 59	5.0 – 5.9	В	Average
00 - 49	0.0	U	Re-appear
ABSENT	0.0	AAA	ABSENT

- a) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning a GPA between 9.0 and 10.0 and marks from 90 100 shall be declared to have Outstanding (O).
- b)Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning a GPA between 8.0 and 8.9 and marks from 80 89 shall be declared to have Excellent (D+).
- c)Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning a GPA between 7.5 7.9 and marks from 75 79 shall be declared to have Distinction (D).
- d) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning a GPA between 7.0 7.4 and marks from 70 74 shall be declared to have Very Good (A+).
- e)Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning a GPA between 6.0 6.9 and marks from 60 69 shall be declared to have Good (A).
- f) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning a GPA between 5.0 5.9 and marks from 50 59 shall be declared to have an Average (B).
- g)Candidates earning a GPA between 0.0 and marks from 00 49 shall be declared to have Re-appear (U).
- h)Absence from an examination shall not be taken as an attempt.

From the second semester onwards the total performance in a semester and continuous performance starting from the first semester are indicated respectively as Grade Point Average (GPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA). These two are calculated by the following formulate

GRADE POINT AVERAGE (GPA) =  $\Sigma_i C_i G_i / \Sigma_i C_i$ 

GPA = Sum of the multiplication of Grade Points by the credits of the courses

Sum of the credits of the courses in a Semester

#### 19.3 Classification of the final result

CGPA	Grade	Classification of Final Result
9.5 – 10.0 9.0 and above but below 9.5	O+ O	First Class – Exemplary*
8.5 and above but below 9.0 8.0 and above but below 8.5 7.5 and above but below 8.0	D++ D+ D	First Class with Distinction*
7.0 and above but below 7.5 6.5 and above but below 7.0 6.0 and above but below 6.5	A++ A+ A	First Class
5.5 and above but below 6.0 5.0 and above but below 5.5	B+ B	Second Class
0.0 and above but below 5.0	U	Re-appear

The final result of the candidate shall be based only on the CGPA earned by the candidate.

- a) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning a CGPA between 9.5 and 10.0 shall be given Letter Grade (O+), and those who earned a CGPA between 9.0 and 9.4 shall be given Letter Grade (O) and declared to have First Class –Exemplary\*.
- b) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning a CGPA between 7.5 and 7.9 shall be given Letter Grade (D), those who earned a CGPA between 8.0 and 8.4 shall be given Letter Grade (D+), those who earned a CGPA between 8.5 and 8.9 shall be given Letter Grade (D++) and declared to have First Class with Distinction\*.
- c) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning a CGPA between 6.0 and 6.4 shall be given Letter Grade (A), those who earned a CGPA between 6.5 and 6.9 shall be given Letter Grade (A+), those who earned a CGPA between 7.0 and 7.4 shall be given Letter Grade (A++) and declared to have First Class.
- d) Successful candidates passing the examinations and earning a CGPA between 5.0 and 5.4 shall be given a Letter Grade (B), and those who earned a CGPA between 5.5 and 5.9 shall be given a Letter Grade (B+) and declared to have passed in Second Class.
- i) Candidates who earned a CGPA between 0.0 and 4.9 shall be given Letter Grade (U) and declared to have Re-appear.
  - e) Absence from an examination shall not be taken as an attempt.

CUMULATIVE GRADE POINT AVERAGE (CGPA) =  $\Sigma_n \Sigma_i C_{ni} G_{ni} / \Sigma_n \Sigma_i C_{ni}$ 

#### CGPA = Sum of the multiplication of Grade Points by the credits of the entire Programme

Sum of the credits of the courses for the entire Programme

### Sum of Grade Points X credits of the entire Programme

Where '**Ci**' is the Credit earned for Course i in any semester; '**Gi**' is the Grade Point obtained by the student for Course i and 'n' refers to the semester in which such courses were credited.

**CGPA** (Cumulative Grade Point Average) = Average Grade Point of all the Courses passed starting from the first semester to the current semester.

Note: \* The candidates who have passed in the first appearance and within the prescribed Semesters of the PG Programme are alone eligible for this classification.